



**AN ANALYSIS OF COMPOUND WORDS
IN “THE LAND OF FIVE TOWERS” NOVEL
TRANSLATED
BY ANGIE KILBANE**

A THESIS

Submitted to the English Educational Department of State Institute for
Islamic Studies Padangsidimpuan as a Partial Fulfillment of the
requirement for Degree of Education (S.Pd) in English

Written by:

DAHMA

Reg. Number: 17 203 00068

ENGLISH EDUCATION DEPARTEMENT

**TARBIYAH AND TEACHER TRAINING FACULTY
STATE INSTITUTE FOR ISLAMIC STUDIES**

PADANGSIDIMPUAN

2021



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LETTER OF AGREEMENT

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Padangsidimpuan, Juli 2021
a.n. Dahma
To: Dean
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Assalamu 'alaikum wr.wb.

After reading, studying and giving advice for necessary revision on the thesis belongs to Dahma, entitled "An Analysis of Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Novel Translated by Angie Kilbane". We assumed that the thesis has been acceptable to complete the assignments and fulfill the requirements for graduate degree of Education (S.Pd) in English Education Department, Tarbiyah and Teacher Training Faculty in IAIN Padangsidimpuan.


Therefore, we hope that the thesis will soon be examined by the Thesis examiner team of English Education Department of Tarbiyah and Teacher Training Faculty IAIN Padangsidimpuan. Thank you.

Wassalam 'alaikumwr.wb.

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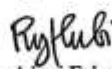

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ABSTRACT

This research is focused on analyzing compound words. Compound word is combination of two words to form a new word. Compound word can found in daily spoken and written form such as book, novel, newspaper and other. This research focus on the first subtitles until the fifth subtitles. The researcher interested to analyze compound word in The Land of Five Towers novel translated by Angie Kilbane.

Formulation of the problems are what are compound words in the Land of Five Towers and what are the dominant compound words in The Land of Five Towers novel translated by Angie Kilbane. This research is aimed to find out compound words in The Land of Five Towers, to find the dominant types of compound words used in The Land of Five Towers novel translated.

This research used library research, the data is taken from novel taranlated by Angie Kilbane. The technique used in collecting data is documentation method because the researcher collected the data from novel. The data collection used the following steps: read all through the novel, find the sentence that contained compound words, and coding each sentence that contained compound words and analyze the data are identifying the types of compound words according to McCarthy theory.

The result shows that, there are 60 sentences that have compound words in The Land of Five Towers from first subtitle through fifth subtitle. From 60 sentences, there are 43 items of compound noun or 72%, 14 items compound verb or 23%, 1 items of compound adjective or 2%, and 2 item of compound preposition or 3%. It can be indicated that the dominant types of compound words in The Land of Five Towers is compound noun.

Keyword: Compound Word, Novel, Kinds of Compound Word.

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WORDS IN THE LAND OF FIVE
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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini difokuskan untuk menganalisis kata majemuk. Kata majemuk merupakan gabungan dari dua kata untuk membentuk kata baru. Kata majemuk dapat ditemukan dalam bentuk lisan dan tulisan sehari-hari seperti buku, novel, koran dan lain-lain. Penelitian ini fokus pada sub judul pertama sampai sub judul kelima. Peneliti tertarik untuk menganalisis kata majemuk dalam novel negeri 5 menara yang diterjemahkan oleh Angie Kilbane.

Rumusan masalah dalam penelitian ini adalah apa kata majemuk yang ada dalam novel Negeri Lima Menara dan apa saja kata majemuk yang dominan dalam novel Negeri Lima Menara yang diterjemahkan oleh Angie Kilbane. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menemukan kata majemuk yang ada di novel Negeri Lima Menara, untuk mengetahui jenis kata majemuk yang dominan yang digunakan pada novel Negeri Lima Menara.

Penelitian ini menggunakan studi pustaka, datanya diambil dari novel terjemahan Angie Kilbane. Tehnik pengumpulan data menggunakan metode dokumentasi karena peneliti mengumpulkan data dari novel. Pengumpul data menggunakan langkah-langkah berikut: membaca seluruh novel, temukan kalimat yang terkandung kata majemuk, dan pengkodean setiap kalimat yang berisi kata majemuk and menganalisis data berdasarkan jenis kata majemuk berdasarkan teori McCarthy.

Hasilnya menunjukkan ada 60 kalimat kalimat mempunyai kata majemuk pada novel Negeri Lima Menara dari sub judul pertama sampai sub judul kelima. Dari 60 kalimat, ada 43 item kata benda majemuk atau 72 %, 14 item kata kerja majemuk atau 23%, 1item kata sifat majemuk atau 2%, dan 2 item kata preposisi majemuk or 3%. Dapat diindikasikan bahwa jenis kata majemuk yang dominan di novel Negeri Lima Menara adalah kata benda majemuk.

Kata Kunci: Kata Majemuk, Novel, Jenis dari Kata Majemuk.

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Firstly, praise to Allah SWT who has given researcher health and chance that can do to finish this thesis entitled **An Analysis of Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Novel Translated by Angie Kilbane**. Secondly, greeting and peace be upon to Prophet Muhammad SAW, who has brought human being from the darkness to the lightness, from the Jahiliah era to the good era as right now.

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Padangsidimpuan,
The Writer

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
TITLE PAGE	
LEGALIZATION OF ADVISOR SHEET	i
AGREEMENT OF ADVISOR SHEET	ii
DECLARATION LETTER OF WRITING OWN THESIS SHEET.....	iii
AGREEMENT PUBLICATION OF FINAL TASK FOR ACADEMY CIVITY SHEET	iv
SCHOOLAR OF MUNAQASHYAH EXAMINATION SHEET.....	v
LEGALIZATION OF DEAN TARBIYAH AND TEACHER TRAINING FACULTY SHEET	vi
ABSTRACT.....	vii
ABSTRAK	viii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	x
TABLE OF CONTENT.....	xii
LIST OF TABLES	1
CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION	1
A. Background of the Problem.....	5
B. Focus of the Problem.....	5
C. Formulation of the Problem	6
D. Objectives of the Problem.....	6
E. Significances of the Research	7
F. Definition of Key Terms.....	8
G. Review and Related Finding	10
H. Research Methodology	10
1. Kinds of The Research.....	11
2. Source of the Data	11
a) Primary Data	11
b) Secondary Data	11
3. Instrumentation	12
4. Technique of Data Collection	13
5. Technique of Data Analysis	13
I. The Outline of the Research	15
CHAPTER II REVIEW OF COMPOUND WORD	16
1. Compound Word	
a. Definition	16
b. Kinds of Compound Word	19
1) Compound Noun	21
2) Compound Verb	22
3) Compound Adjective	23
4) Compound Preposition	24
CHAPTER III REVIEW OF NOVEL THE LAND OF FIVE TOWERS.....	25
A. Review of Novel The Land of Five Towers	25
1. Definition of Novel	25
2. Elements of Novel	26

B. Synopsis of The Land of Five Towers	32
C. Biography of Ahmad Fuadi.....	33
CHAPTER IV RESEARCH FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION	35
A. Research Findings	
1. Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers	35
a. Compound Noun	41
b. Compound Verb	45
c. Compound Adjective	47
d. Compound Preposition	47
2. Dominant Kinds of Compound Words	
in The Land of Five Towers.....	48
B. Discussion	50
CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	52
A. Conclusion	52
B. Suggestion	53
REFERENCES	
CURICULUM VITAE	
APPENDIX	

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1	Example of Compound Noun	21
Table 2	Example of Compound Verb	22
Table 3	Example of Compound Adjective	23
Table 4	Example of Compound Preposition	24
Table 5	Compound Words in the Land of Five Towers Chapter 1	36
Table 6	Compound Words in the Land of Five Towers Chapter 2	37
Table 7	Compound Words in the Land of Five Towers Chapter 3	38
Table 8	Compound Words in the Land of Five Towers Chapter 4	40
Table 9	Compound Words in the Land of Five Towers Chapter 5	40
Table 10	List of Compound Noun	42
Table 11	List of Compound Verb	45
Table 12	List of Compound Adjective	47
Table 13	List of Compound Preposition	48
Table 10	Summary of Compound Word in The Land of Five Towers	49

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

A. Background of the Problem

Language is very important for our live which take a part of as a communication tool among human. Language makes people enable to have more interaction with other to convey their needs, feelings, or thoughts. The language can be spoken or written. Spoken language can be found in the conversation, songs and speech. While the written language can be found in novel, newspaper, magazine and others. So, language is to communicate each other, to interact and to get information.

People communicate with language by voice and gesture or written symbol and the communication going easier. It means without language will be difficult for human to communicate each other. Therefore, some words may unfamiliar or not common in general society. In a word, language make people going easier for communicate with others.

According to Jack C. Richard stated language is the system of human communication which consist of the structured arrangement of sounds (or their written representation) into larger units, e.g. morpheme, words, sentences, and utterance¹. Any particular system of human communication. Language as system of human communication which consist of structured of sentences.

¹Jack C. Ricard and Richard Schmid, *Longman Dictionary of Language Teaching & Applied Linguistic* (London: Pearson Education, 2002), p.283.

Based on the definition above, researcher can be conclude that language is a tool to communicate to other people that consist of sounds and larger unit such as morpheme, words, sentence and others. Language makes human easier to communicate and to express their idea. By language communication is going easier and language can express by speak and written representation.

Most countries encourage everyone to speak English and learning English. English is taught as a foreign language in Indonesia. By English can communicate to all of people especially foreign language. Generally, English is one of the popular language in Indonesia especially foreign language.

Morphology is one of the most important studies for students as English foreign language. It is study about how the words are built up from the smallest pieces. Understanding the formation of those words is very useful for the learners since English is considered as foreign language in Indonesia. The learners learn the words and try to know how the use and organize them. To sum up, this process is called as morphological process in English.

The morphological process of English teaches English learners the rules for forming new word such as noun, verb and adjective becoming other word classes. Through this morphological process, the formation of new word from another word classes is done by putting affixation to the existing word, for example the noun form of *friend* becomes the adjective from *friendly* by adding suffix *-ly*. It is one of example of morphological process by adding a suffix.

In Indonesia, learning English is also very important in this globalization era. Considering the importance of English, the government has includes it as

one of the compulsory subject to be taught to the students. There are many subject that should be mastered by student in English. Such as vocabulary, morpheme, grammar, syntax, listening, speaking, reading, and writing and so forth. By mastering all the subject are expected English becomes easier to be mastered. The explanation indicated that English are built up of those elements. It is based on the goal of teaching English.

There are ways to increase the vocabulary. One of them is by reading. It can be reading book, article, journal, thesis, short story, and novel. In this analysis, the researcher uses the novel as source of the data, because in this novel can find many vocabulary that do not understand. By reading a novel, beside enrich vocabulary can find the word contain of compound word.

McCarty says the term 'word' is part of everyone's vocabulary². Looking closely there are many ways the process of words in daily like spoken or written language. The researcher likes to discuss how the compound word are realized in the form of English clauses in which there is a process by using a novel. Novel is one of the literary works which it has social, cultural, moral and educational values. Generally, literature supposed to be an imaginative creation which is far from factual truth.

The new words are produced from compounding process and can be distinguished into some forms. Yule classified word formation processes into ten, they are coinage, borrowing, compounding, blending, back-formation,

² Andrew Carstairs-McCarthy, *An Introduction to English Morphology: Words and Their Structure*, (Edinburgh:Edinburgh University Press, 2002), p. 85.

conversion, acronyms, derivation and multiple-process.³ This research discusses about compounding as a part of word formation process.

Compound words are not only found in daily spoken. It found on written forms such as books, short stories, newspaper, novel and others. When people read such as novel, they have to comprehend them to get the ideas of the stories. Compound word sometimes are complicated wherever they place. Even they have their own rules in relating to sentence so they need more analysis.

There are three distinguished form of compounding that can be found in the text, open compounds (written in separated word), close compound (written as single word), and hyphenated compound (words joined by hyphen). The words like high school, living room, full moon are called open compound words. Notebook, bookstore, fireman, baseball are called as close compound words. *Father-in-law, seventy-two, up-to-date, check-in, long-term* are called as hyphenated compound words.

From the explanation above, the researcher can conclude that compound word really important role in some literacy works. This research would increase the understanding of meaning that author try to conveying to readers about compound word especially in novel, hopefully. So, from the explanation above the researcher conduct the research entitled **“An Analysis of Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Novel Translated by Angie Kilbane”**.

³George Yule, *The Study of Language* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2010), p. 20.

B. Focus of the Problem

The discussion of this research is under the field of morphology. This research focused for the sentences on subtitle one through subtitle five of novel *The Land of Five Towers*. First published in Jakarta- Indonesia- Gramedia Pustaka Utama-2011. Therefore, the discussion of compound word in this study does not cover the entire *The Land of Five Towers*.

The reason why researcher chose this novel because the novel is the best seller and the story interesting to read because this novel has positive relevance to education and providing motivation to the generation of easy to realize his dream and never give up. Compound word in this novel described many things. Compound word in this novel is interesting to analyze. This novel is not just telling about education, there are many value can learn by this novel. So, the researcher chose this novel for the research and focused for the sentences on subtitle one through subtitle five because in these subtitles tell how sahibul menara have success and back to Madani Pondok until they meet with Ustad Salman who gives the motivation by a mantra, *Man jadda wajada*.

C. Formulation of the Problem

Based on focus of the problem above, the researcher formulated the problem above, the researcher formulated the problems on the research as follow:

1. What are the compound words in *The Land of Five Towers* novel translated by Angie Kilbane?

2. What are the dominant of compound words in The Land of Five Towers novel translated by Angie Kilbane

D. Objective of the Research

Based on the problem above, the objectives of the study are:

1. To find compound words in The Land of Five Towers novel translated by Angie Kilbane.
2. To find the dominant compounds word in The Land of Five Towers novel translated by Angie Kilbane.

E. Significances of the Research

1. Theoretically

The researcher hopes this research can give better understanding in analysis of compound word. These research compound words in novel theoretically will increase our knowledge about compound word. This research also contributes to studies. We can also understand the compound words in novel “The Land of Five Towers”. The function of this research especially for English Department is to add some information about compound words and tell how this novel as one of wonderful novel to motivate for dreams. Then, there are many value can take by this story.

2. Practically

- a. Lectures

This research can be useful for lectures. The result will give one that material, can be used by lectures to get successful learning compound word.

- b. Student

Student is a person study at a school and receive of material from the teachers. This research can add knowledge and understanding of literature especially in knowing compound word. Students will know more about compound word and how the word in compound word.

c. The researcher

For other researcher, this study can help the researcher to increase knowledge about compound word and also add the ability to write. Hopefully, this research inspires other researcher to develop or to conduct other research in the same scope with different subject. The result of this research hopes to help another researcher and can give them information about the analysis of compound word.

F. Definition of Key Terms

The writer clarifies the terms to avoid mistakes in understanding the above title:

1. Compound Word

Compound word is a word made up of at least two bases that can occur as independent word. Compound word is a word that consists of two or more words and it is become new word and it has meaning. Compound word build up new form and meaning of words. According to Plag, compounds are combination of two words to form a new word.⁴ Compound word create new word with different form and meaning. In a word, compound word is combination of two words to make new form and meaning.

⁴Ingo Plag, *Word Formation in English. Cambridge Textbook in Linguistics* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003), p.12.

2. The Land of Five Towers

The Land of Five Towers Novel is the first novel in a trilogy written by Ahmad Fuadi. This novel is inspired by true story. The story tells about family, simple live of people, culture, love dreams, and friendship. In this novel, there is a powerful phrase "Man jadda wajada" he who gives all will surely success.

The reason the title of the novel is The Land of Five Towers because the novel depict friendship build under the tower in Pondok accompanied by struggle in persuit of their goals to reach their respective towers and finally they reunited.

G. Review and Related Findings

In this research, the researcher will analyze the use of compound word in The Land of Five Towers to make this research is original; the writer would like to present other researches that have close relation with this study.

The first is research conducted by L W Aryana⁵. Her research discussed about categorization and analysis of the process of hyphenated compound in the novel. She used theory of Katamba and descriptive qualitative method to analyze his data. Her work was published by Widyatama University-Bandung. She found that hyphenated compound words are commonly use in describing something.

⁵ Leonita Wahyu Aryana, "Analysis Hyphenated Compound Word Dalam Novel The Trumpet-Major Karya Thomas Hardy," 2008, <http://localhost:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/4017>.

The second research conducted by Kristin Oktiana⁶. This research paper is aimed at answering two problems, namely variations forms of compound word and the meaning of compound found in English-Translation of Al-qur'an (Q.S An-nisa). In this research, the first finding shows that there are 72 compound words, consist of 14 noun compound, 38 verb compound, 8 adjective compound and 12 preposition compound. The second finding shows the meaning of compound word consist of 43 transparent meaning and 26 opaque meaning. Total is 72. From this analysis, it can be conclude that the writer found all the variations of the form of compound words and the meaning of compound word from the English translation of Al-qur'an.

The third study was researched by Made Dwi Pratiwi, Ketut Wandia, and Ni Luh Sutjiati Beratha.⁷ From this research three types of compound noun are found in the short story, they are endocentric, exocentric, and copulative compound nouns. There are 34 words of endocentric compound nouns, 5 exocentric compound nouns and a copulative compound noun. It shows that endocentric compound noun is the most frequent that appears in the story. Then, it is followed by exocentric and copulative compound noun.

The fourth conducted by Denise Sheilla Noumianty⁸. She used qualitative descriptive research. From this research she found four types of

⁶ Kristin Oktiana, "A Morphological Study on Compound Words in English Translation of Alquran," *Article*, 2013, 1, <http://eprints.ums.ac.id/id/eprint/26633>. 1-15.

⁷ Ni Luh, Sutjiati Beratha, and Corresponding Author, "English Compound Nouns in Short Story 'The Star - Child' by Oscar" 23 (2018): 148-55 <https://doi.org/10.24843/JH.2018.v23.i01.p21>.

⁸ Denise Sheilla Noumianty, "An Analysis of Compound Words on Culinary Term In" 7 (2016): 83, <http://repository.uinjkt.ac.id/dspace/bitstream/123456789/32736/1/DENISE%20SHEILLA%20NOUMIANTY%20-FAH.pdf>. 2016: 1-83,

compound words according to the words stress that are noun compound, adverb compound, and verb compound. From 15 data analyze, there are 12 attributive compound, 2 subordinative compound and 1 coordinative compound which divided into two categories, endocentric and exocentric.

The fifth study was research by Monica Cristanty Vinney⁹. The analysis of the compounding structure shows there are forty two close compound found. The analysis of compound, firstly based on the structure form, morphological process is needed in the analysis of both inflectional and un-inflectional compounds. It helps to explain what words or element that from a compound.

From the reviews of related finding above, the researcher concluded that those research analyze about compound word that concerns with different object such as article. In this research, the researcher will analyze all type compound words in this novel. Compound words that be analyzed are compound noun, compound adjective, compound verb, and compound preposition.

H. Research Method

1. Kinds of The Research

In this research, the researcher used library research. In doing this research, the researcher did library research to expand theories and references to sustain the analysis. The researcher used some book, journal, article related to this research.

⁹ Monica Christanti Vinney, "English Closed Compound Words In Articles Related To Kartini Day Found In The Jakarta Post April 2016 And 2017," no. April 2016 (2017): 1–100, <https://repository.usd.ac.id/12748/1/134214085>.

2. Source of The Data

In this research, the researcher used two kinds of source for getting the data, they are as follows:

a. Primary Data

Primary data is the data sources of the research which obtained directly from the original source, the primary data takes from text of *The Land of Five Towers*¹⁰ contain which compound word from chapter one until chapter five.

b. Secondary Data

1. *Word-formation in English* by Ingo Plag. New York: Cambridge University Press, 2002.
2. *The grammar of words* by Greet Booji. New York: Oxford University Press Inc, 2005.

3. Instrumentation of The Research

Here, there two instrument that researcher uses in analyze the data, they are:

- a. The researcher itself
- b. List of notes about compound words

No	Date	Pages	Chapter 1			
Analysis			Compound Noun	Compound Verb	Compound Adjective	Compound Preposition
1.						
2.						

¹⁰ A. Fuadi, *The Land of Five Towers* (Jakarta: Indonesia, 2011), p. 1-45.

4. Technique of Data Collection

The researcher applied qualitative design to be the method of data collection. In this research the technique of data collection that document. Document is one of the written languages in English. Document is a technique of collecting data by mastering and analyzing the documents, even written the document or picture. It means that the document deals with the object of research that is novel.

The researcher here function as the main instrument of the research which gathered data by identifying all types of compound words. Then, the data grouped according to pattern and the way of writing to ease the researcher in analyzing. Merriam stated the researcher in qualitative design is the primary instrument who was responsibility in collect the data.¹¹ So, the researcher as instrument to collecting the data and use stationary. The primary data takes from the text *The Land of Five Towers* novel.

The researcher require the note for records to collect the data, here are the procedures that the researcher uses to collect the data.

- a. Reading, the researcher read *The Land of Five Towers* novel.
- b. Underlining, the researcher found the sentence that containing compound word from chapter one through chapter five.
- c. The researcher made the coding for each compound word.

¹¹ Fang Hua and Zhuo Wei Hu, "Morphological Analysis of Autophagy," *Yaoxue Xuebao* 51, no. 1 (2016): 39–44, <https://doi.org/10.16438/j.0513-4870.2015-0876>.

5. Technique of Data Analysis

The researcher will use John W. Cresswell¹² theory to analyze the data. There are six steps technique of data analysis, they are as follow:

- a. Organize and prepare the data for analysis.

The first step, the researcher prepared the data which is the text from The Land of Five Towers especially for chapter one through chapter five.

- b. Read through all the data.

Next, the researcher read the whole data that analyzed attentively, and search the sentence that contained compound words on it. Then, the researcher put some notes on the sentence about the information of compound words.

- c. Begin detailed analysis with a coding process.

The researcher began to detail analysis, and then the researcher made a coding for each compound word from chapter one until chapter five. Analyzing data in content analysis research can be done using the coding process.¹³ Coding of words, terms, phrases and sentence that are relevant to the research problem. The researcher analysis with a coding process to begin the analysis.

There are codes that used to analyze the compound words in The Land of Five Towers. Compound noun with code N+N (noun+noun), N+A

¹² John W. Cresswell, *Research Design Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Method Approaches* (New York: Sage Publication Ltd, 2014), p.189.

¹³ Sumarno, "Analisis Isi dalam Penelitian Pembelajaran Bahasa Dan Sastra," 2020, 1–20, <https://jurnal.umko.ac.id/index.php/elsa/article/view/299>.

(noun+adj), A+N (adj+noun), V+N (verb+noun). Compound preposition with code P+A (preposition+adj). Compound adjective with codes A+N (adj+noun) and N+A (noun+adj). The last is compound verb with codes are V+Pre (verb+preposition), Pre+Adj. The formulation above use to analyze the compound words find in The Land of Five Towers Novel.

- d. Use the coding process to generate a description of the setting or people as well as categories or themes for analysis.

The researcher identified and interconnect the data to the storyline of the novel, the researcher generated code for the description. Grouping can be done by taking account the meaning relation of words, sentence with the aim of research. This groping intends to organize the categories of each group. So, the each word grouped by the coding and generate code for description.

- e. To make easily, the researcher made table for conveying descriptive information of all sentences contain compound words. The researcher provided a table that show how compound words analyzed every subtitle.
- f. A final step, the researcher started to analyzed the data that has been provided in the table. After analyze the data in the table, the researcher makes the frequency and percentage of compound words to get the dominant of compound words.

I. Outlines of the Research

The outline of the script include in five chapters:

Chapter I, they are consisted of background of the study, focus of the research, formulation of the problem, the objective of the research, significance of the research, the definition of key terms, review and related finding, research methodology, and outline of the research.

Chapter II, consisted of review of compound word.

Chapter III, they are consisted of review of novel The Land of Five Towers, synopsis and biography of Ahmad Fuadi.

Chapter IV, they are consisted of result findings and discussion.

Chapter V, they consisted of conclusion and suggestion.

CHAPTER II

REVIEW OF COMPOUND WORD

1. Compound Word

a. Definition

Compound word is the combination of two or more lexeme and has a meaning it self. There are many concept or definitions of compound given by some linguists. Haspelmath who stated that compound is a complex lexeme that can be thought of as consisting of two or more base lexeme.¹⁴ In the simple case, a compound is consist of two lexeme that are joined together.

Compound may be defined as stems consisting of more than one root. For example bedside, black market, car-wash, waste paper basket. Some are written as one word (with or without a hypen between two roots), while others written as two or more words.¹⁵ So, compound as a stem that consist of more than one root and has differences in written.

The concept of compound also came from Lieber that claimed compounds are words that are composed of two or more bases, rote, or stem.¹⁶ From this concept, it can be conclude that compound is a kind of word formation process in which two or more lexeme are combined to

¹⁴ Martin Haspelmath, *Undersatanding Morphology* (New York: Oxford University Press Inc, 2002),p. 85.

¹⁵ Howard Jackson and Etienne Ze Amvela, *Words, Meaning and Vocabulary* (New York: Library Cataloging, 2000), p. 79–80.

¹⁶ Rochelle Lieber, *Introducing Morphology* (New York: Cambridge University Press, 2009),p. 45.

create a new word. By the word formation process of two or more lexeme will create a new word.

In English the definition of compound is a noun, an adjective or a verb made of two or more words, written as one or more words or joined by hyphen.¹⁷ In Indonesian language compound word is called as *kata majemuk*. Compound word is combination of two or more words that form a whole meaning. Compounding as the device of language to form a new words by giving two or more words to make them become one word. The new meaning of word itself is not derived from the previous meaning of the word.

Compound word is not only way forming new words but compound word also words by a process that are composed two or more bases, root, or stems. In English we generally free bases to compose compound. Compounding or compound words are word formation that form new words which derives from two or more independent words. Sometimes, we assume that we know the word through the meaning of the words. If we do not know the meaning of the word, we cannot analyze the function of the word.

In many languages, compounding also called composition is the most frequently used way of making new lexeme. It is defining property is that is consist of two or more word, in which one word modifies the

¹⁷Oxford Advance Learner's Dictionary, *International Students Edition Seventh Edition* (Newyork: Oxford University Press, 2005), p.35.

meaning of the other.¹⁸ By the explanation, compounding is defining as property that consist one or more word and has a meaning.

Compound word is the word consist of two or more lexeme that used together and made new lexeme. According to Plag, compounds are combination of two words to form a new word.¹⁹ Compounding process is not only about creating new words, but also creating new meaning. It can be conclude that compounding is a word formation process that combine two or more words to create a new word whose sometimes cannot be traced back from its constituents.

The compound words cannot be separated from their meaning since they relevant in such a way that a new meaning comes out which is dissimilar from the meanings in the words in separation. According to Noumianty quoted in Ullman, every compound consist of words which are at least to several degree of motivated and transparent.²⁰ From the above explanation the meaning of compound is divided into two categories, namely transparent meaning and opaque meaning.

This study on compound words is *The Land of Five Towers Novel* will try to discover how the word formation in this novel especially through compounding is built which includes the recognition of the structure of compound word and also what type the compound words

¹⁸Geert Booij, *The Grammar of Words. An Introduction to Linguistic Morphology. Second Edition.* (New York: Oxford University Press, 2005). 93.

¹⁹Ingo Plag, *Word Formation in English. Cambridge Textbook in Linguistics* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003), p.12.

²⁰Denise Sheilla Noumianty, "An Analysis of Compound Words on Culinary Term In."

found in *The Land of Five Towers Novel* based on the theory applied in this study.

Based on the definitions above, the researcher can know the real examples of compound words in the novel. In this research, researcher analyzes the compound words in novel because such research of compound word by examining the data from the novel is still rarely conduct. Novel is one of the kinds of literacy works. Many novels in Indonesia not only Indonesian novel but also English novel. Each of novel is usually has been translated into many languages.

b. Kinds of Compound Word

Semantically, Lieber categorized compounds into two types those are endocentric (headed) compound and exocentric (headless) compound. Several characteristic of endocentric compound are the referent of the compound is always similar to the referent of its head and there is tendency for the semantic relation between the head and modifier to be one modification.²¹ In English and other language there may be a number of different ways of classifying compounds. In compounds, the head is the element that serves to determine both the part of speech and the semantic kind denoted by the compound as a whole. For example, in English the base that determines the part of speech of compounds such as *greenhouse*. The compound *greenhouse* is a noun as house it. *Sky blue* is the second one. *Sky blue* is an adjective as blue.

²¹ R Lieber, *Introducing Morphology* (America: Cambridge University Press, 2009), p.35.

Two or more words may be joined to form new as called compound words. English is very flexible in the kinds of combination permitted. When the two words are in the same grammatical category, the compound will also be in this category, noun + noun = noun, as in *girlfriend, fighter-bomber, paper clip, elevator-operator, landlord, mailman*. Adjective + adjective = adjective as in *icy-cold, red-hot, worldly-wise*. In English, the right most word in a compound is the head of compound. The head is a part of word or phrase that determines its broad meaning and grammatical category. When two words fall into different categories, the class of the second or final word determines the grammatical category of the compound, noun + adjective = adjective as in *headstrong*, verb + noun = noun as in *pick-pocket*.

According to Carstairs-McCarthy types of compound word is divided into four they are compound noun, commonly said as noun head word. Next, compound verb or commonly said as a verb head word. Compound adjective or commonly said as an adjective head word. Compound preposition or commonly as preposition head word.²² The explanation of those compounds in English are described below:

1) Compound Noun

A noun head word is process of compound production by adding noun, verb, adjective or preposition in front of the noun lexical category. Noun is a head of the words. The process result in a new word which is

²² Andrew Carstairs-mccarthy, *An Introduction to English Morphology* (Edinburg: Edinburg University Press, 2002), p.59.

called a noun compound word. In the following we see how the process of forming words in compound nouns.

Table. 1
Compound Noun

No	Formulation	Example
1.	Noun + Noun	Armchair Handbag Bodyguard Girlfriend Textbook
2.	Adjective + Noun	Whitehouse Bluebird Black market Read head Black people
3.	Verb + Noun	Runway Pickpocket Crybaby Guidebook Payday
4.	Preposition + Noun	Undergraduate Uptown On time Overnight

From table 1 above, it can see some new word combinations by adding noun, verb, adjective and preposition. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. Examples above are the combination of two words that can stand alone. For example the word *hand* and *bag*. This word still has its own meaning without need other words.

So, compound noun is the process of forming word with adding noun, adjective, verb or preposition and produce different word and meaning.

2) Compound Verb

Compound verb or verb head is a word production by adding a noun, adjective, preposition or verb class in front of the verb. The head of the word is a verb that called as compound verb. The process result in a new word which is called a verb compound word. In the following we see how the process of forming words in compound verb.

Table. 2
Compound Verb

No	Formulation	Example
1.	Noun + Verb	Housekeep Brainwash Babysit Steamroll Spoon-feed
2.	Adjective + Verb	Whitewash Dry clean Sweet talk Blacklist Clear cut
3.	Verb + Verb	Drop kick Breakdance
4.	Preposition + Verb	Overlook Input Output Underestimate

From table 2 above, it can see some new word combinations by adding noun, verb, adjective and preposition. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. Examples above are the combination of two words that can stand alone. For example the word *white* and *wash*. This word still has its own meaning without need another word. So, compound verb is the process of forming word with adding

noun, adjective, verb or preposition and produce different word and meaning.

3) Compound adjective

An adjective head word is a process of compound adjective production by adding a noun, an adjective, preposition, in front of an adjective. This process will create new word a new word which is called adjective compound word. In the following we see how the process of forming words in compound adjective.

Table. 3
Compound Adjective

No	Formulation	Example
1.	Noun + Adjective	Sky-blue Ice cool Nationwide Seasick
2.	Adjective + Adjective	Red-hot Deep blue Light brown Southwest Blue green
3.	Preposition + Adjective	In-grown Off white Over-ripe Nearsighted

From table 3 above, it can see some new word combinations by adding noun, adjective and preposition. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. So, compound preposition is the process of forming word with adding noun, adjective, or preposition and produce different word and meaning.

4) Compound Preposition

A preposition head is a process of compound preposition production by adding a preposition. The process result a new word which is called a preposition compound word. The words build new word with different meaning. In the following we see how the process of forming words in compound preposition.

Table. 4
Compound Preposition

No	Formulation	Example
1.	Verb + Preposition	According to Thanks to Except for
2.	Adjective +Preposition	Away from

From table 4 above, it can see some new word combinations by adding verb and preposition. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. So, compound preposition is the process of forming word with adding verb or preposition and produce with different word and meaning.

CHAPTER III

REVIEW OF THE LAND OF FIVE TOWERS

A. Review of Novel *The Land of Five Towers*

1. Definition of Novel

Novel is literacy work which formed story. A story supposed to be entertained the reader. Mackay stated "A novel is self-contained piece of fictional prose longer than 40.000 words".²³ Novel formed a story that contained many words. A novel is defined as stories consist of more than one events. Novel also contain with characters, setting and so on.

Etymologically, the word novel comes from the Latin *novellus*. The word *novellus* is formed from the word *novus* which means new. It is said to be new because the novel form is a form of literary work that comes later from other forms of literary work.²⁴ Novel gives the sense of the drama not for just making the reader interest the story, novel deals imaginatively with human experience, usually through a connected sequence of events involving a group of persons in a specific setting.

Novel is the story that telling about the life or someone with peoples with identifying characteristic. We can learn about educational, value, culture, religion and moral from the novel. Novel not only as an entertainment but also as education. By novel learn and got education with

²³ Marina Mackay, *The Cambridge Introduction to the Novel, First* (New York: Cambridge University Press, 2011).p.3

²⁴ Endah Tri Priyatni, *Membaca Sastra Dengan Ancangan Literasi Kritis* (Jakarta: Bumi Aksara, 2010), p. 124.

novel because there are many messages that can we take by read the novel. A novel is one of genres in literacy works that contains the story of human life that most of authors who write the novels are influenced by the condition of their social environment.

Novel is narrative that imagining situation and characters in plot. Literature (novel) represents life and life in large measure, a social reality, even though the natural word of the individual have also been objectives of literature imitation.²⁵ It may include the real place, people and events. Besides, novel is a work of art whose materials are taken from the contemporary life. As a literacy work, it represents a story about human life experience. Novel is mirror of the social life.

To sum up the definition of novel above, the novel is story of ambiguity facts and fictions such as a legend, narrative theory, fairly tale, that consist a long prose essay that contains a series of stories of a person's life with those around him by highlighting the character and nature of each actor.

2. Elements of Novel

There are elements that built a novel. They are intrinsic and extrinsic element. Intrinsic element is the element that builds the literacy of work itself. Intrinsic elements of a novel participate and build the story.

Extrinsic elements are the elements that are beyond of the works, but indirectly affect the building and system of a novel. Extrinsic elements

²⁵Arifuddin, "An Analysis of Social Conflict in Rick Riordan's Novel the Red Pyramid," *Journal*, Volume 2014, 14, <http://repositori.uin-alauddin.ac.id/id/eprint/8593>.

of a novel must be still seen as something important, it include the writer's biography, background, and psychology condition. In short, the writer's psychology forms the reader's psychology while reading the story in novel.

There are five elements of fiction according to Mackay,²⁶ they are:

1) Plot

How the author arranges the events to develop basic's idea. The plot has to be logical and systematically from beginning, middle and the ending. Usually the events are related by causation and their meaning lies in this relation.

2) Setting

Time and place where the story taken. The setting is playing an important part of the story. The aspects to consider in a story are place, time, weather condition, social condition, and mood and atmosphere.

3) Character

People in novel with its each personalities. There are two kinds of character, mayor and minor character.

4) Point of View

The angle from where the story is told. The author choices of a narrator of the story. The variation of narration, they are:

- c. First-person narration, uses the pronoun "I"
- d. Third-person narration, uses the pronouns "he, she, and they"

²⁶ Marina Mackay, *The Cambridge Introduction to the Novel, First*. p. 4.

5) Theme

Theme is a moral message that author try conveying through his story. A generalization about meaning of a story.

All elements that the researcher explains in the paper use to make the reader understand that in the novel there is much kind of elements that good enough when we want to carefully read step by step. It is why the researcher try to describe as much as possible that the researcher know to share with reader. In the intrinsic aspect of literary works especially novel, we know that every elements support one each other.

The researcher analyzed the elements of *The Land of Five Towers*, the description are below:

a. Plot

1) Introduction

Alif graduated from Junior High School. Alif and Randai (Alif's close friend) have a high dream. They want to continue their study in state senior high school in Bukittinggi. In this story, they want to get non Islamic academy. Here, Alif is a great dreamer who wants to be a great journalist. He wants to a journalist because he wants to report news from abroad.

2) Point of Attack

Amak is Alif's mother who has a great dream. She wants his child go to Pesantren and to be an Ustad. Unfortunately, Amak's want is different with Alif. Both Amak and Alif are

stubborn and persisting in their stand. So, it makes unstable situation. Alif is willing to keep himself in his room for getting permission from Amak, to permit him to go to state senior high school in Bukittinggi. Instead, Amak who has a good religion (Islam) does not give that permission. Finally, Alif continue his study in Madani Pesantren in east Java.

3) Complication

Alif's decision to go to Madani Pondok is coming from halfheartedly. He feels hard to live there. The condition changes when Alif meet with his friend who have different characteristic. They came from different city and culture. The differences between them make a good relationship.

4) Climax

Alif gets many good experiences for his life. Alif and his friends get motivation from Ustad Rais, Ustad Torik, Kyai Rais and Tyson. In this case, the motivation is about how to get our dream is not easy. They have to use all our ability, an effort, discipline, a responsibility, and a sincerity to get what we want. The climax is when done the final examination in Madani Pondok. The experiences in Madani Pondok do not forget forever.

5) Resolution

In the end, after completing the final exam and passing in Madani Pondok, the story turns to Alif who has reached London to meet Atang and Raja.

b. Setting

1. Place, Alif's office (Washington Dc), Alif's house (Maninjau, Bukittinggi), Trafalgar Square (London), Madani Pondok, Atang's house (Bandung), Said's house (Surabaya), and Raja's Apartment (London).
2. Time, in the morning, afternoon and at night, in 2003.
3. Weather Condition, emotions, afraid, happy and sad.

c. Character

1) Mayor Character

- a) Alif, he is the main character of this novel. Alif is described as a young generation figure of full of motivation, talent, passion, for progress and never give up.
- b) Baso, a man who is disciplined, diligent and earnestly.
- c) Said, a man who provide motivation and mature thingking.
- d) Atang, keep promises and is good.
- e) Raja, self-confident and never give up.

- f) Dulmajid, a man who is independent, firm and loyal friend.
- g) Ustad Salman, a man who creative and assertive.

2) Minor Character

- a) Amak, a woman who consistent with her decisions and care for Muslim.
- b) Ayah, a man who defend for the truth and is good.
- c) Randai, a good friend and care for others.
- d) Kiai Rais, someone who an example in Madani Pondok and talented.
- e) Tyson, a firm man.
- f) Ustad Torik, an emphatic man.

d. Point of View

Ahmad Fuadi tells every character in the novel clearly, he uses point of view from what happen in the event story. He uses pronoun "I" to express the major character.

e. Theme

In The Land of Five Towers Novel, Ahmad Fuadi present a theme "the power of friendship". Friend has great power. Beside happiness life, friend is way to have a dream especially in childhood. At MP, Alif as the major character meet with great friends which come from different country in Indonesia. Said from Surabaya, Atang from Bandung, Baso from Gowa, Raja from

Medan, Dulamajid from Madura. They have a great dream to defeat world, with magic power mantra *Man jadda wajada*.

B. Synopsis of The Land of Five Towers

The story begins with a child named Alif Fikri from Minangkabau. He has desire the desire to continue his studies at Bukittinggi High School, but his mother or the one who is usually called Amak, does not allow Alif to go to high school will not guarantee the understanding of religion for Alif. This caused an argument from Alif, but with a long time finally Alif agreed to continue his studies at the boarding school after considering his uncle advice. Alif's uncle name Etek Gindo worked in Egypt, he suggested Alif to a boarding school in Java called Pondok Madani. Alif agreed to the suggestion because he was interested in the story of his uncle who is also a graduate of Pondok Madani, who is fluent in Arabic, English but also has a good future. Even though Aif was still half-hearted with his decision, Alif goes to Madani Islamic Boarding School with his father to register.

Arriving at Pondok Madani, Alif took a series test until he was finally accepted. During the registration and selection process Alif met with Said, Raja, Atang, Dulmajid, and Baso. The meeting was the beginning of the story of their close friendship. They support each other. Although the regulation at Pondok Madani are very strict, they give a lot of lesson to them about the meaning of struggle, how to manage time, and the magic of dreams. Their habits produced a nickname for their friendship, namely Sahibul Menara. They believe in the magic

of a sentence uttered by Kiyai Pondok Madani which reads *Man jadda wajada*, who is serious about it will success.

This novel is also very useful, full of message of moral and religious meaning. This book is perfect for Indonesian teenagers who want to learn to dream and how to make it happen. This novel has hope for the nation's successors that they must have high inspirations and try their best to make it happen, not only for themselves but also for this nation in order to rise from adversity.

C. Biography of Ahmad Fuadi



Ahmad Fuadi was born in Bayur, a small village on the edge of Lake Maninjau, West Sumatra, in 1972. Fuadi traveled to Java to fulfill his mother's request that he attend a religious school. At Pondok Modern Gontor (Gontor Modren Pesantren), he met kiai and ustad who were blessed with sincerity to teach knowledge of this world and the next. Gontor also taught him the simple yet powerful mantra, *man jadda wajada*- he who gives his all will surely succeed.

Upon graduating with a degree in International Relations from Padjadjaran University, he became a journalist for *Tempo* magazine. His first class in journalism was done in reporting assignments under the guidance of senior *Tempo* journalist. In 1999, he received a Fulbright scholarship to take his master's degree at the School of Media and Public Affairs, George Washington University, USA.

Venturing to Washington, D.C together with Yai, His wife also a *Tempo* journalist was a childhood dream come true. While studying, they were also *Tempo* correspondents and reporters for Voice of America (VOA). They reported on historical news such as White House and Capitol Hill.

In 2004, another world window opened when he received the Chevening Award scholarship to study documentary films at Royal Holloway, University of London. As a *scholarship hunter*, Fuadi always enthusiastic to continue his education and find more scholarship. He has had opportunities to live and study in Canada, Singapore, USA and the UK.

This photography buff has served as the Director of Communication for The Nature Conservancy, an international conservation NGO. Currently, Fuadi is busy writing, being a speaker and motivator locally and traditionally, and building a social foundation to aid the underprivileged-*Komunitas Menara*.

Negeri 5 menara (The Land of Five Towers) has won several awards, including the 2010 *Khatulistiwa* Literary Award (Long List) and the 2010 *Favorite Fiction Writer and Book* from the Indonesian Readers Awards. In 2011, Fuadi was awarded the Liputan 6 Award SCTV for the Education and Motivation Category.

CHAPTER IV

RESEARCH FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

In this chapter, the researcher answers the problem that exist in the previous chapter. The researcher explores what compound words are used by Angie Kilbane. This chapter describes the result and the data analysis. The researcher describe that compound words found in this novel.

A. Research Findings

1. Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers

There are four kinds of compound words in The Land of Five Towers from subtitle one through subtitle five. The researcher analyze them based on McCarthy theory, they are compound noun, compound verb, and compound adjective.

There are formulation that used to analyze the compound words in The Land of Five Towers. Compound noun with code N+N (noun+noun), N+Adj (noun+adj), Adj+N (adj+noun), V+N (verb+noun), Present participle+Noun. Compound adjective with codes Adj+N (adj+noun) and N+Adj (noun+adj). The last is compound preposition with formulation Pre + adj (preposition+Adjective). The formulation above used to analyze the compound words find in The Land of Five Towers Novel.

Table 5
Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Chapter 1

No	Chapter	Pages	Sentences	Formulation
1	Chapter 1	1	On a whim, I went up to the glass window and touched its surface with the tip with my right index finger.	V+Pre
		1	On a whim, I went up to the glass window and touched its surface with the tip with my right index finger.	N+N
		1	The cold instantly run up my right arm and into my face.	V+Pre
		1	The afternoon sun hung toward the west like a milky white plate .	Adj+N
		1	Not far off lay the Capitol, the elegant, ivory-white congressional building of the United States.	N+Adj
		1	The ground appeared to be covered by a white carpet .	Adj+N
		1	The wide highway was beginning to become packed with commuters cars-lined up like ants slowly edging their way home	Adj+N
		1	The wide highway was beginning to become packed with commuters cars-lined up like ants slowly edging their way home .	N+N
		2	Parks and city covered in shimmering white snow .	Adj+N
		2	I'd rather be itchy than pass up the winter-time charm on a day like today.	V+Pre
		2	I'd rather be itchy than pass up the winter-time charm on a day like today.	N+N
		2	George W. Bush's office at the white house	Adj+N

Pages	Sentences	Formulation
4	I saw your name as a panelist in London <u>next week</u>	N+N
4	Our <u>boarding school</u>	N+N

There are 14 compound words found in chapter 1. There are three formulation of compound words are Noun + Noun, Adjective + Noun and Verb + Preposition. It is found that formulation Adjective+ Noun may create compound word. It can be seen in data ‘*white plate, white carpet, highway, white snow, and white house*’.

Table 6
Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Chapter 2

No	Chapter	Pages	Sentences	Formulation
2	Chapter 2	5	I stood upright on the auditorium stage of the state junior high madrasah- <u>religius school</u> .	Adj+N
		5	For three years I’d followed the orders of my Amak to study at an Islamic <u>junior high school</u> .	Adj+N
		5	I could call myself a student at Bukittinggi State <u>High School</u>	Adj+N
		6	In the <u>living room</u> , Father was sitting in front of the black-and-white 14-inch television.	Pres. part+N
		6	I will sign up for the public <u>high school</u> entrance exam.	V+Pre
		8	I had <u>built up</u> in my head for so long slowly rattled.	V+Pre
		8	Not just lecturing at the podium of my <u>village mosque</u> .	N+N
		9	Have the blood of two religious scholars from your two <u>grandfather</u> .	Adj+N
		9	His <u>black hair</u> , always shiny from being oiled.	Adj+N
				Pages

	10	I got up quickly from my seat and went to ask him.	V+Pre
	10	Even though she was busy correcting class work	N+N
	11	I left only to go to the bathroom and to take a plate of rice to eat in my room.	N+N
	11	To each knock on the door I answered shortly, “sleeping”	V+Pre
	11	At Madani, they live in dorms and were taught the discipline to speak foreign languages every day.	V+Pre
	12	This suggestion was just the same, to go to religious school .	Adj+N
	12	I came out of my dark room .	Adj+N

There are 16 compound words found in chapter 2. There are three formulation of compound words are Noun + Noun, Adjective + Adjective, present participle + Noun and Verb + Preposition. It is found that formulation Verb+ Preposition may create compound word. It can be seen in data ‘*built up, got up, face up, knock on and live in*’.

Table 7
Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Chapter 3

No	Chapter	Pages	Sentences	Formulation
3	Chapter 3	14	My provisions were an old grey cloth bag with a shirt.	Adj+Adj
		14	A small village on the outskirts of Bukittinggi.	Adj+N
		15	I went on my way and didn’t look back again.	V+Pre
		15	In this cool city , we stopped at a counter for the inter-island bus.	Adj+N
		15	We got on a full A/C and Video bus .	N+N
		Pages	Formulation	Sentences

		15	Facing the back was a small <u>bathroom</u>	V+N
		16	His big <u>sunglasses</u> with gold frames were worn in a manly fashion	N+N
		16	It beat strangely, aware that I was now really leaving my <u>hometown.</u>	N+N
		18	Yus Datuak Parpatiah, the <u>storyteller</u> , in every thick Minang accent.	N+N
		18	Mr. Sutan was a <u>thin man</u>	Adj+N
		20	I <u>woke up</u> with worries about school.	V+Pre
		20	Or about a <u>childhood</u> friend who now had a fleet of four public transportation mini-buses in Bekasi, with big signs on the back windows that read <i>Shattered Love</i> .	N+N
		20	Our bus had reached the snaking part of the Sumatra <u>highway</u> , twisting the stomach and leaving the eyes bleary.	Adj+N
		21	<u>Hold on,</u> " shouted the bushy bearded man in the sailor's uniform to the passenger on the giant ferry.	V+Pre
		23	In a <u>wide room</u> , tables and chairs numbered in the hundreds.	Adj+N
		23	While in the back of the restaurant were dozens of washroom and toilets along with a <u>prayer room</u> to serve the intra-city buses.	N+N
		25	Swiftly, he <u>picked up</u> our bags and cartons then tied them to the top of the blue MP Transport bus.	V+Pre
		25	We were passing through village and <u>green rice</u> paddies, driven by Ismail.	Adj+N

There are 19 compound words found in chapter 3. There are three formulation of compound words are Noun + Noun, Adjective + Adjective, Verb + Preposition and Adjective+ Noun. It is found that formulation Noun + Noun may create compound word. It can be seen in data ‘*cloth bag, video bus, hometown, sunglasses, storyteller, childhood and prayer room*’.

Table 8
Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Chapter 4

No	Chapter	Pages	Sentences	Formulation
	Chapter 4	29	After that, we were invited to rest and sprawl out on the floor covered by a <u>blue carpet.</u>	Adj+N
		32	Like <u>basketball</u> and badminton.	N+N
		36	I put the <u>math book</u> that I hadn't yet finished reading over my face	
		37	Maybe at this moment he was getting measured for his <u>grey uniform</u> pants by the tailor.	Adj+N

There are 4 compound words found in chapter 3. There is a formulation may create compound words in chapter 4. ‘*Blue carpet*’ is compound word with process by an adjective and noun.

Table 9
Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers Chapter 5

No	Chapter	Pages	Sentences	Formulation
	Chapter 5	39	A dark red tie was fixed neatly around the collar of his sleek <u>white shirt.</u>	Adj+N
		40	Please <u>come in!</u> .	V+Pre
		41	When I was in <u>elementary school,</u> my teacher told our class	Adj+N
		41	At the side of my <u>village road.</u>	N+N

		Pages	Sentences	Formulation
		41	I was born in and came from a tiny village on the edge of Lake Maninjau.	Adj+N
		41	My flag got a response of a hand waving from a half-open window of a black car .	Adj+ N
		43	His dark arms were as big as telephone poles, covered by muscles and long curly hair .	Adj+N

There are 7 compound words found in chapter 3. There are three formulation of compound words are Noun + Noun, Verb+ Noun, verb + Preposition and Adjective+ Noun. It is found that formulation Verb+ Preposition may create compound word. It can be seen in data ‘*come in*’.

There are 51 sentences contain compound words in The Land of Five Towers. The researcher took all types of compound words as the data representative to be describe in this section. Compound words found in the novel are compound noun, compound verb, and compound adjective.

a. Compound Noun

Compound noun is when two or more words that join together to make a single noun. Compound noun is a kind of compound word that is use to designate a place, person, or thing.

Below are examples of sentences using compound noun that are taken from the novel.

Table 10
List of Compound Noun

No	Formulation	Compound Word	Meaning
1	Noun + Noun	Glass window	Jendela kaca
		Hometown	Kampung halaman
		Boarding school	Sekolah asrama
		Childhood	Masa kecil
		Prayer room	Ruang doa
		Bathroom	Kamar mandi
		Way home	Jalan pulang
		Winter-time	Musim dingin
		Newspaper	Koran
		Video bus	Bus vidio
		sunglasses	Kacamata hitam
		Village mosque	Masjid desa
		Cloth bag	Tas kulit
		Village road	Jalan desa
		storyteller	pendongeng
		Match book	Buku matematika
Basketball	Bola keranjang		
Grey uniform	Seragam abu-abu		
2	Adjective + Noun	White carpet	Karpet putih
		White plate	Piring putih

		Compound Words	Meaning
		Highway	Jalan raya
		High school	SMA
		Mini buses	Bus mini
		Dark room	Kamar gelap
		Grandfathers	Kakek
		Cool city	Kota yang keren
		White shirt	Baju putih
		White snow	salju
		White house	Rumah putih
		Black hair	Rambut hitam
		Green rice	Nasi hijau
		Religious school	Sekolah agama
		Small village	Desa kecil
		Wide room	Rungan lebar
		Thin man	Pria kurus
		Elementary school	Sekolah dasar
		Tiny village	Desa kecil
		Next week	Minggu depan
		Black car	Mobil hitam
		Curly hair	Rambut keriting

No	Formulation	Compound Words	Meaning
3	Adjective+ Adjective	Junior high	SMP
		Old grey	Abu-abu tua
4	Pres.part + Noun	Living room	Ruang keluarga

From table 6 above, it can see that some new word combinations by adding noun, adjective, and gerund. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. So, compound noun is the process of forming word with adding noun, adjective and produce different word and meaning.

There are 4 type of compound noun found in The Land of Five Towers Novel. First, compound noun with form noun adding by noun. Such as hometown, glass window, childhood, prayer room, bathroom and way home are combination noun and noun. The word made new word with different meaning. The words made by two words, where the noun adding by noun. Second, adjective with noun is the compound noun that combination adjective and noun. For example, dark room, highway, high school, mini buses, white shirt are forming by adjective and noun to made new word with different meaning. The last is present participle adding noun. For example living room is combination gerund and noun to build new word with different meaning.

b. Compound Verb

Compound word is a verb that consist of more than one word. There are several types of compound verbs including prepositional verbs, phrasal verbs, and compound single-words verbs.

Below are examples of sentences using compound verb that are taken from the novel.

Table 11
List of Compound Verb

No	Formulation	Compound Word	Meaning
1	Verb + Preposition	Went up	Naik
		Got up	Bangun
		Knock on	Mengetuk
		Live in	Tinggal di
		Came in	Keluar
		Run up	
		Glanced up	Mendongak
		Went on	lanjutkan
		Woke up	Bangun
		Hold on	Tahan
		Picked up	Dijemput
	Compound Words	Meaning	

		Pass up	Melewatkan
		Built up	Membangun
		Face up	Menghadapi

From table 11, it can see some new word combinations by adding verb, and prepositional verbs. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. So, compound verb is the process of forming word with adding noun, adjective, auxiliary or prepositional verb and produce different word and meaning.

There are 14 compound verbs found in The Land of Five Towers Novel. There are two type of compound verb found in the novel are prepositional verb and verb with auxiliary. First, prepositional compound such as went on, live in. came out, glanced up, woke up, hold on, picked up are combination verb and preposition. The word made new word with different meaning. The words made by two words, where the verb adding by preposition. Second, auxiliary with verb is the compound verb that combination auxiliary and verb. For example, was sitting, was beginning, was stating, was trying, was standing, will take, will give are forming by auxiliary and verb to made new word with different meaning.

c. Compound Adjective

Compound adjective is when two or more words that join together to make a single word. Compound adjective is a kind of compound word that is use to designate a place, person, or thing.

Below are examples of sentences using compound adjective that are taken from the novel.

Table 12
List of Compound Adjective

No	Formulation	Compound Word	Meaning
1.	Noun + Adjective	ivory-white	Putih gading

From table 12 above, it can be seen new word combinations by adding noun and adjective. The words are forming to build the new word with different meaning. So, compound adjective is the process of forming word with adding noun, adjective, or preposition and produce different word and meaning.

There are one compound adjective found in The Land of Five Towers Novel. First, Ivory-white is combination noun and adjective to build word with new forming with different meaning of the words. The words made by two words, where the noun adding by adjective.

d. Compound Preposition

Compound preposition is a preposition that consist of two or more words. Compound adjective is when two or more words that join together

to make a single word. Compound adjective is a kind of compound word that is use to designate a place, person, or thing.

Below are examples of sentences using compound adjective that are taken from the novel.

Table 13
List of Compound Adjective

No	Formulation	Compound Word	Meaning
1.	Pre+ Adj	In front of	Di depan
		In the middle	Di tengah

2. The Dominant Kinds of Compound Words in The Land of Five Towers

There are 60 sentences that used compound words in The land of Five Towes from chapter one until chapter five. From the table below we can see that compound verb is the most dominant type of compound words used in the novel. The total number of compound noun is 43 items or 72 %. The second type of compound words is compound verb with the total number is 14 items or 23 %. The third type is compound adjective with total number is 1 items or 1,6 % and compound preposition with total number is 2 or 3,3 %. The researcher found the all types in chapter one until chapter five.

In the novel the author used compound words to describe the situation and the setting. However the reader can imagine how the story, the situation and feel how the story. Compound words that used in the novel is

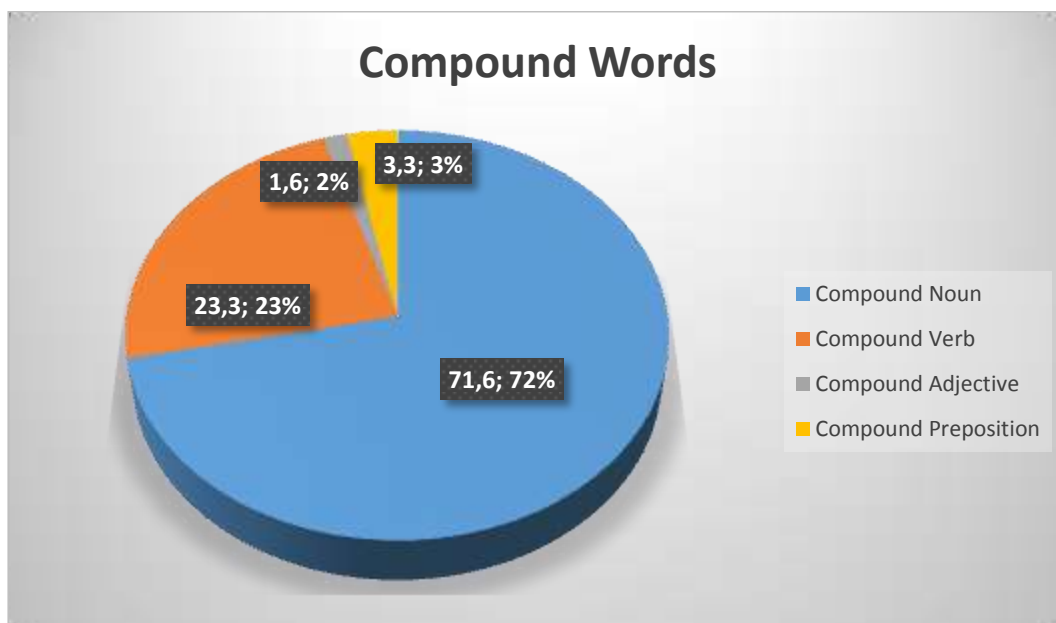
easy to understand and make the reader automatically know compound words and realize the storyline.

Table 14

Summary of Compound Word in The Land of Five Towers

No	Kinds of Compound Words	Frequency	Percentage (%)
1	Compound Noun	43	71,36%
2	Compound Verb	14	23,3%
3	Compound Adjective	1	1,6%
4	Compound Preposition	2	3,3%
	Total	60	

The table 14 above, it can see that summary of compound words in The Land of Five Towers. The table also show frequency and percentage of the compound words. The frequency obtained from analysis carried out using codes based on the type of compound words. Compound noun with 43 items and 72% is calculation from $\frac{43}{60} \times 100 = 71,6$. Compound verb is 14 items and 23,3% by $\frac{14}{60} \times 100 = 23,3$. Compound adjective 1 items and 1,6% is from $\frac{1}{60} \times 100 = 1,6\%$ and compound preposition 2 items and 3,3% . So, by the calculation above the dominant of compound word is compound noun with 71,6.



B. Discussion

After collecting data, the researcher needs to discuss the findings in order to clarify the answer of the problems that existed in previous chapter. The first problem is what is compound words found in the novel. In this research, the researcher focuses on five subtitles of *The Land of Five Towers*.

There are three types of compound words in subtitle one until subtitle five. They are compound noun, compound verb, compound adjective and compound preposition. The second problem in this research is what are the dominant of compound words in *The Land of Five Towers*.

This research supported by Chusni Hadiati.²⁷ In this research, it is found that compound verb is formed from verb-preposition (46 compounds), compound noun is derived from noun+noun (7 compounds), verb+noun (1

²⁷ Chusni Hadiati, "A Morphological Analysis of English Compound Words in Tolstoy's *God Sees the Truth, but Waits*," *Kajian Kebahasaan Kesusastraan Dan Budaya* 1 1, no. 2 (2011): 112–21, <https://jurnal.unimus.ac.id/index.php/lensa/article/view/182/177>.

compound), adjective+noun (2 compounds). Compound adjective is made up from noun+adjective (2 compounds), and adjective+adjective (2 compound).

The second research is by Leonilla Yolanda Kintan Adikayon.²⁸ From the Jakarta post and Vietnam newspaper, the researcher found 25 compound words that are divided into two categories are noun compound and adjective compound. There are 18 compound noun and 7 compound adjective. However, there is no compound verb found in the news. Compound noun formation also divided into 4 formation are noun+noun, adjective+noun, verb+noun, and noun+verb. The last by Arbideen Samaae.²⁹ Based on data analysis, there are 102 data of compound words that are found in the English translation of Sahih Al-bukhari. Which are divided into three form, they are 66 compound nouns, 22 compound verbs, and 14 compound adjectives.

By explanation above, the comparison between this research and another research that explained is this research analysis compound words on different object. This research focused on first subtitle through fifth subtitle of the novel. The research analyzed four kinds of compound words. They are compound noun, compound verb, compound adjective, and compound preposition. Similarities the research is focused to analyze compound words. The differences on the object for analyze.

²⁸ Leonilla Yolanda Kintan Adikayon, "Compound Words on the Jakarta Post Newspaper and Vietnam News Newspaper," *Journal of Applied Studies in Language* 4, no. 2 (2020): 260–72, <https://doi.org/10.31940/jasl.v4i2.2107>.

²⁹ Arbideen Samaae, Sigit Haryanto, and Siti Zuhriah, "An Analysis of Compound Words Found in English Translation of Shahih Al-Bukhari," 2015, <http://eprints.ums.ac.id/355332/PUBLICATION%20ARTICLE>.

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

After the analysis has been done, the researcher concludes that the novel *The Land of Five Towers* has 4 compound words, they are compound noun, compound verb, compound adjective and compound preposition. It can be inferred some essential points as follows:

1. The researcher found four kinds of compound words in *The Land of Five Towers*.
 - a. The first is compound noun with 43 items.
 - b. The second is compound verb 14 items.
 - c. The third is compound adjective with 1 items.
 - d. The fourth is compound preposition with 2 item.
2. The dominant compound words in *The Land of Five Towers*.
 - a. The first is compound verb with the total is 72 %.
 - b. The second type of compound word is compound noun with the total 23%.
 - c. The third is compound adjective with the total is 2%.
 - d. The fourth is compound preposition with total 3%.

It can be indicated that the dominant types of compound words in *The Land of Five Towers* novel is compound verb. The second dominant is compound noun, compound adjective and the last is compound preposition.

B. Suggestion

Based on research that has been done, it is known that in the novel found compound words in the novel. There are many sentences that used compound words. In this study, the researcher only analyze five subtitle from its whole so there are only few types compound words can be discussed in the thesis.

From explanation above, the researcher can suggest for future research, the researcher can use different theories to discuss another morphology material. It can be different in material of the same novel or other object of the research.

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THE LAND OF FIVE TOWERS

A. FUJADI

TRANSLATED BY ANGIE KILBANE



PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama, Jakarta
KOMPAK GRAMEDIA

Clever and civilized men will not stay home
Leave your homeland and explore foreign fields
Go out! You shall find replacements for those you have left
Give your all, the sweetness of life will be tasted
after the struggle

I have seen that standing water stagnates
If it flows, it is pure, if it does not, it will become murky
If the lion doesn't leave his den, he will not eat
If the arrow does not leave the bow, it will not strike

If the sun stands still in its orbit
Man will tire of it

Gold dust is merely soil before excavated
Aloe wood is just ordinary wood if in the forest

Travel by Imam Syafi'

*Imam Syafi' is a Muslim scholar (767-820). This poem was taught to every student at Pondok Modern Gontor, East Java

Washington DC, December 2003, 4:00 pm

1 V T P S E 2 N H N

On a whim, I went up to the glass window and touched its surface with the tip of my right index finger. The cold instantly ran up my right arm and into my face. Through the blinds on the fourth floor, the lumpy snow looked like cotton pouring from the sky. I heard a soft tap each time a clump of snow touched the glass before me. The afternoon sun hung toward the west like a milky white plate. 4 Adj + N

Not far off lay the Capitol, the elegant, ivory-white 5 N H Adj congressional building of the United States, classic in style with its large pillars. The enormous dome with all its stairs grew whiter sprinkled with snow, as if wearing a kaphich cap for the Hajj. Usually lush but now bare-branched American elms spread before the building. For three hours now, the snow had been coming down. The ground appeared to be covered by a white carpet. The wide highway was beginning to become packed with commuter cars—lined up like ants—slowly edging their way home. Brake lights flashing on and off shone red on the snow. Police—or ambulance—blaring sirens interspersed with the sound of horns honking.

Warm, slightly burnt and dry-smelling air howled from the heater in the corner of the room. This machine was growling

because it was working to the point where the temperature, which had
body still shivered, battling the temperature, at the end of the
plummeted a few hours ago. The television at the end of the
office showed the Weather Channel, displaying a temperature
of minus two degrees Celsius—definitely colder than a glass of
shaved ice made by a spinning machine in my village in West
Sumatra.

I love and hate winter. Hate it because of having to bundle
myself in thick, heavy clothes. What's even more irritating is
how my tropical skin becomes dry and itchy. But I'm always
amazed by the buildings, parks and city covered in shimmering
white snow. It feels serene, magical, and strange, maybe
because it's so different than the blue and green landscape of
my village on Lake Majuku. But all things considered, I'd
rather be itchy than pass up the winter-time charm on a day
like today.

Independence Avenue—the street of my office always hectic
with pedestrians and car traffic—is sandwiched between two
famous tourist attractions in Washington: The Capitol and
The Mall, the center of the various Smithsonian museums all
of which, even if you had a month, you wouldn't be able to
see. My office is just a stone's throw away from The Capitol,
some 15 minutes by car away from George W. Bush's office at
the White House. Colin Powell's at the Department of State,
FBI headquarters, and the Pentagon. A dream location for
many journalists.

Although the cold was bone piercing, today I was more
enthusiastic than usual. This was my last day at the office
before flying to Europe for work and personal reasons. My

Minister Tony Blair. My personal response to several other members
Inter-Faith Forum—not as a reporter, but as a journalist who
was a journalist from Indonesia based in the US, immersed in
covering American Muslim issues, including the September
11th attacks.

I stuck my camera, digital recorder, and ticket into my faded
green National Geographic backpack. All done. I reached
for the clothes hanging on the wall of my cubicle. I put on
my black knee-length jacket and wrapped my dark brown
cashmere scarf around my neck. OK, all set. My hand moved
quickly to close the screen of my silver Apple PowerBook.

Ping...a soft sound from the instant messenger stopped my
hand. I reopened the titanium screen. A short message flashed
in the right-hand corner of the monitor. From someone
named "Batutah." But I didn't know any "Batutah."

"sorry, is this alif from madani?"

My fingers typed quickly.

"yes, who's this?"

Silence for a moment. Then another message popped up.

"alif the member of Fellowship of the Manara?"

My heart began to beat faster. My fingers danced skillfully
over the keyboard.

"that's right, who is this?!" My responses started to grow
eager.

"manara four, do you remember or not"

Once again, I sounded it out slowly...manara four...I
hadn't read it wrong. My heart drummed quickly, my stomach
felt cold. It had been such a long time.

I hurriedly pronounced the name "Masyur Allah, is it you, coming from Bandung? Director of Bantar!"

"Alhamdulillah, finally I've found my long lost brother...."

"atang, where are you now?"

"caro."

I hadn't yet had the chance to type again when ping sounds

popped up repeatedly. A barrage of messages. ^{is NTA}

"I saw your name as a pancelist in london text weeks. i'm also

coming to represent at ayah to talk about the role of Indonesian

muslims in middle eastern countries.

we can have a reunion. raja is also in london.

we can make him our guide to trajaigar square like the one in

our reading book from our pesantren. Our boarding school." ^{14 N-N}

I smiled. My thoughts immediately flew far away to the

past. A very strong period etched in my heart.

I stood upright on the auditorium stage of the state junior high madrasah—religious school. ^{is N-N} Mr. Sikumbang, my principal, shook my hand and congratulated me because my exam score was in the top 10 in Agam Regency. The boisterous applause of students, parents and teachers filled the room. My face and ears reddened, but my heart jumped for joy. I smiled bashfully when Mr. Sikumbang shoved the microphone in my face. He waited. Lowering my head, I was forced to speak.

Due to my nerves, what emerged from my throat was merely a quivering whisper, "Um, thank you very much sir... That's all,"

my voice choked. My hands were cold.

My grades were my ticket to enroll at Bukittinggi State High School, the best in Bukittinggi, the capital of my regency. For three years I'd followed the orders of my Amak' to study at an Islamic junior high school, and now was the time for me to be like the rest and take the nonreligious route—public high school. I'd even made a pact with Rambai, my good buddy from the madrasah, to go together to enroll in public high school. How proud I would be if I could call myself a student at Bukittinggi State ^{High School}.

A few days after the euphoria of graduation started to settle down, Amak invited me to sit out on the balcony. My Amak

'A word for mother in most Mining areas.

APPENDIX 2

1. Compound Noun

Glass window, white plate, white carpet
highway, way home, white snow,
winter time, white house, next week
boarding school, religious school,
high school, class work, bathroom,
small village, video bus, wide room,
prayer room, living room, small village
thin man, black car, curly hair
junior high, hometown, sunglasses
village mosque, story teller, matchbook.

2. Compound Verb

went up, run up, pass up,
got up, knock on, live in
picked up, hold on, ~~wide room~~
went on, pass up, built up,
fate up, live in, come in.

3. Compound Adjective

ivory-white,

4. Compound Preposition

In front of
In the middle

APPENDIX 3

No	Date Analysis	Pages	Chapter 1			
			Compound Noun	Compound Verb	Compound Adjective	Compound Preposition
1.	15 th March 2021	1		✓		
2.		1	✓			
3.		1		✓		
4.		1	✓			
5.		1			✓	
6.		1	✓			
7.		1	✓			
8.		1	✓			
9.		2	✓			
10.		2		✓		
11.		1	✓			
12.		2	✓			
13.		4	✓			
14.		4	✓			
			Chapter 2			
		Pages	Compound Noun	Compound Verb	Compound Adjective	Compound Preposition
15.		5	✓			
16.		5	✓			
17.		5	✓			
18.		6				✓

APPENDIX 4

Frequency and Percentage of Compound Words.

$$\text{Compound noun} = \frac{43 \times 100}{60} = 71,66$$

$$\text{Compound verb} = \frac{14 \times 100}{60} = 23,33$$

$$\text{Compound adj} = \frac{1 \times 100}{60} = 1,6$$

$$\text{Compound pre} = \frac{2 \times 100}{60} = 3,3$$